



(परमाणु ऊर्जा विधाग का स्वायत्त निकाय, धारत सरकार)

ATOMIC ENERGY EDUCATION SOCIETY

(An autonomous body under Department of Atomic Energy, Govt. of India)

In this module we are going to learn about:

- PERMUTATIONS
- Permutation of n different objects
- Factorial notation :
- The number of permutations of n different objects taken r at a time
- The number of permutations of n objects ,where p objects are of the same kind and rest are all different
- The number of permutations of n objects ,where P_1 objects are of one kind , P_2 objects are of the second kind,..., P_k are of k th kind



ATOMIC ENERGY EDUCATION SOCIETY

An autonomous body under Department of Atomic Energy, Govt. of India)

Lets take an example,

If all the letters of the word 'ROSE' are to be arranged, then the number of possibilities is 4x3x2x1 = 24

For the same word 'ROSE', if only two letters of it are to be arranged, then the number of possibilities is 4x3 = 12

Thus,



A Permutation is an arrangement in a definite order of a number of objects taken some or all at a time



Permutation of n different objects The number of permutations of n different objects taken r at a time when $0 < r \le n$ and the objects do not repeat can be obtained by fundamental principle of counting as n(n-1)(n-2)...(n-r+1), which is denoted by n_{P_r} Factorial notation :

The notation n! represents the product of first n natural numbers, i.e., the product 1x2x3x...x(n-1)xn = n! and 0! defined as 1.



(परमाणु ऊर्जा विभाग का स्वायत्त निकाय, भारत सरकार)

ATOMIC ENERGY EDUCATION SOCIETY

(An autonomous body under Department of Atomic Energy, Govt. of India)

The formula for
$$n_{p_r} = \frac{n!}{(n-r)!}$$

Examples: (i) 5! = 5x4x3x2x1=120



$$(ii)7! = 7x6x5x4x3x2x1 = 5040$$

iii)
$$\frac{12!}{5!} = \frac{12.11.10.9.8.7.6.5!}{5!}$$

= 12.11.10.9.8.7.6 = 3991680



परमाणु ऊर्जा शिक्षण संस्था (परमाणु ऊर्जा विभाग का स्वायत्त निकाय, भारत सरकार)

ATOMIC ENERGY EDUCATION SOCIETY

(An autonomous body under Department of Atomic Energy, Govt. of India)

(iv)
$$6! - 5! = 600$$

(v) If
$$\frac{1}{8!} + \frac{1}{9!} = \frac{x}{10!}$$
, find x.

We have
$$\frac{1}{8!} + \frac{1}{9X8!} = \frac{x}{10.9.8!}$$

Therefore,
$$1 + \frac{1}{9} = \frac{x}{10X9}$$
 or $\frac{10}{9} = \frac{x}{10X9}$
So, x = 100.





परमाणु ऊर्जा शिक्षण संस्था (परमाणु ऊर्जा विभाग का स्वायत्त निकाय, भारत सरकार)

ATOMIC ENERGY EDUCATION SOCIETY

(An autonomous body under Department of Atomic Energy, Govt. of India)

(vi) If
$$\frac{1}{6!} + \frac{1}{7!} = \frac{x}{8!}$$
, find x

We have
$$\frac{1}{6!} + \frac{1}{7X6!} = \frac{x}{.8!}$$

$$\frac{1}{6!} \left(1 + \frac{1}{7} \right) = \frac{x}{8x7x6!} ,$$



$$\frac{1}{6!} \mathbf{x}_{7}^{8} = \frac{x}{8X7X6!}$$
, Hence $\mathbf{x} = 64$



- Find the number of different four-digit numbers that can be formed with the digits 2,3,4,7 and using each digit only once is ?
 The required number of ways= 4_{p4} = 4! = 24
- The number of 3 letter words which can be formed by the letters of the word 'NUMBER' if repetitions are not allowed is $6_{p_3} = 120$.



The number of permutations of n different objects taken r at a time ,where repetitions is allowed , is n^r .

ENERGY EDUCATION SOCIETY mous body under Department of Atomic Energy, Govt. of India)

परमाणु ऊर्जा शिक्षण संस्था

(परमाण् ऊर्जा विभाग का स्वायत्त निकाय, भारत सरकार)

• Examples:

The number of 3 letter words which can be formed by the letters of the word 'NUMBER' if repetitions are allowed is 6^3 .



shutterstock.com • 41343252

 Find the number of possible outcomes when a coin is tossed 6 times is?

Ans:

When a coin is tossed 6 times ,then the total number of possibilities is $2^6 = 64$



(परमाणु ऊर्जा विभाग का स्वायत्त निकाय, भारत सरकार) ATOMIC ENERGY EDUCATION SOCIETY (An autonomous body under Department of Atomic Energy, Govt. of India)

The number of permutations of n objects ,where p objects are of the same kind and rest are all different = $\frac{n!}{p!}$ Examples:

How many words with or with out meaning can be formed from the word 'HELLO'?

Ans: Total number of letters in the word is 5 out of which the letter L repeats twice Hence total number of words possible is $\frac{5!}{2!} = 60$





(परमाणु उर्जा विभाग का स्वायत्त निकाय, भारत सरकार) ATOMIC ENERGY EDUCATION SOCIETY

(An autonomous body under Department of Atomic Energy, Govt. of India)

The number of permutations of n objects ,where P_1 objects are of one kind , P_2 objects are of the second kind,..., P_k are of k th kind and the rest ,if any ,are of different kind is $\frac{n!}{p_1!p_2!p_3!\dots p_k!}$ Example :

There are 4 identical apples and 5 identical bananas. In how many ways can you arrange all of the fruits in a row?

Ans: Total number of fruits is 9 ,out of which 4 of one kind and 5 are of second kind

Hence total number of permutations is $\frac{9!}{4!.5!}$



(परमाणु ऊर्जा विभाग का स्वायत्त निकाय, भारत सरकार)

ATOMIC ENERGY EDUCATION SOCIETY

An autonomous body under Department of Atomic Energy, Govt. of India)

Practice questions:

- 1. Find the value of (i) $\frac{11!}{10!}$ (ii) $6_{P_3} 5_{P_2}$
- 2. How many 3-digit numbers can be formed using the digits 1 to 9 if no digit is repeated?
- 3. Find the number of 4-digit numbers that can be formed using the digits 1, 2,3,4,5 if no digit is repeated. How many of these will be even?



(परमाणु ऊर्जा विभाग का स्वायत्त निकाय, भारत सरकार) ATOMIC ENERGY EDUCATION SOCIETY (An autonomous body under Department of Atomic Energy, Govt. of India)

4. Find the number of 5-digit telephone numbers having at least one of the two digits repeated is ?
5.Find the total number of 9-digit numbers which have all different digits?

6.How many words with or with out meaning can be formed from the word :

(i) NICE(ii) CARAVAN(iii) INTELLIGENT(iv) MATHEMATICS







THANK YOU Happy learning

REFERENCES: NCERT TEXT BOOK, NCERT EXEMPLAR, DIKSHA WEBSITE